

DNA/RNA Isolation Kit

For simultaneous purification of genomic DNA and total RNA from the same animal cells or tissues

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DNA/RNA Isolation Kit

(Spin Column)

Cat.no. 4992456

Kit Contents

Contents	4992456 50 preps
Buffer RLplus	30 ml
Buffer RW	12 ml
Buffer RW1	40 ml
RNase-Free ddH ₂ O	15 ml
Buffer GD	13 ml
Buffer PW	15 ml
Buffer TB	15 ml
RNase-Free Columns CR3 Set	50
Spin Columns CB3	50
RNase-Free Centrifuge Tubes 1.5 ml	100
RNase-Free Centrifuge Tubes 2 ml	50
RNase-Free Collection Tubes 2 ml	50
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Compatible Reagents

DNase I (Cat. no. 4992232)

Storage

Buffer RLplus added with β -mercaptoethanol could stay 30 days at 2-8°C. All the other reagents should be stored in dry place and at room temperature (15-30°C) for 15 months.



Introduction

DNA/RNA Isolation Kit is designed for extracting both genomic DNA and total RNA simultaneously from the same animal cells or tissue samples. This kit is compatible with a wide range of animal cells and tissues. The simple process allows the purification of high-quality DNA and RNA from the same sample within 40-50 min. The purified DNA and RNA are eluted separately and ready-to-use in downstream applications.

Notes of preventing RNase contamination

- 1. Wear gloves when handling RNA and all reagents, as skin is a common source of RNase. Change gloves frequently.
- 2. Use RNase-Free certified, disposable plastic ware and filter tips whenever possible.
- Buffer RLplus could protect RNA. But for experiment, RNA should be stored or applied in RNase-Free plastic or glassware. To wipe off RNase, the glassware could be dried at 150°C for 4 hours, while plastics could be dipped in 0.5 M NaOH for 10 min, and washed by RNA-Free ddH₂O thoroughly and sterilized.
- 4. Use RNase-Free ddH₂O to prepare solution (RNase-Free ddH₂O: add 0.1 ml DEPC to 100 ml ddH₂O and shake vigorously to bring DEPC into solution. Let the solution stand overnight. Autoclave to remove any trace of DEPC).

Important Notes

- 1. Add β -mercaptoethanol (β -ME) to Buffer RLplus to a final concentration of 1% before use. For example, add 10 μ l β -mercaptoethanol (β -ME) per 1 ml Buffer RLplus. Buffer RLplus may form precipitate during storage. If necessary, redissolve by warming it in 56°C, and then equilibrate to room temperature.
- 2. Before start, add ethanol (96-100%) to Buffer RW, Buffer PW and Buffer GD for a working solution, as described on the bottle.
- 3. The following operations were carried out at room temperature unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. For some sensitive RNA samples, genomic DNA may need to be removed completely in the f ollowing application. Please refer to DNase I digestion process with column.



Protocol

Simultaneous Purification of Genomic DNA and Total RNA from Cultured Cells

1. Cell harvest:

- 1a. Cells grown in suspension (do not use more than 1×10^7 cells): Determine the number of cells. Pellet the appropriate number of cells by centrifuging for 5 min at 300 x g in a centrifuge tube. Carefully remove all supernatant by aspiration, and proceed to step 2.
- 1b.Cells grown in a monolayer (do not use more than 1 x 10⁷ cells): Cells grown in a monolayer in cell-culture vessels could be either lysed directly in the vessel (up to 10 cm diameter) or trypsinized and collected as a cell pellet prior to lysis. Cells grown in a monolayer in cell-culture flasks should always be trypsinized.
 - 1). To lyse cells directly: Determine the number of cells. Completely aspirate the cell-culture medium, and proceed immediately to step 2.
 - 2). To trypsinize and collect cells: Determine the number of cells. Aspirate the medium, and wash the cells with PBS. Aspirate the PBS, and add 0.10-0.25% trypsin into PBS. After the cells detach from the dish or flask, add medium(containing serum to inactivate the trypsin), then transfer the cells to an RNase-Free glass or polypropylene centrifuge tube (not supplied), and centrifuge for 5 min at 300 x g. Completely aspirate the supernatant, and proceed to step 2.

Note: Incomplete removal of cell-culture medium will inhibit lysis and dilute the lysate, affecting the combination of RNA and spin column, resulting in the reduction of RNA yield.

2. Cell lysis:

For pelleted cells, loosen the cell pellet thoroughly by flicking the tube. Add the appropriate volume of Buffer RLplus (Ensure that β -ME is added to Buffer RLplus before use) according to table 1, vortex to mix for 30 sec.

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Number of pelleted cells	Volume of Buffer RLplus	
<5 x 10 ⁶	350 μl	
5 x 10 ⁶ - 1 x 10 ⁷	600 μl	

Table 1 Volumes of Buffer RLplus for Lysing Pelleted Cells

For direct lysis of cells grown in a monolayer, add the appropriate volume of Buffer RLplus (Ensure that β -ME is added to Buffer RLplus before use) according to table 2. Collect the lysate into a microcentrifuge tube, vortex to mix for 30 sec.

Dish diameter	Volume of Buffer RLplus
<6 cm	350 μl
6-10 cm	600 μl

Pipet the lysate directly into a spin column CB3 placed in a 2 ml collection tube, and centrifuge for 2 min at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g) to collect the filtrate. Place the spin column CB3 into the collection tube at room temperature or 4°C for later DNA purification.

Total RNA purification

4. Add 1 volume (usually 350 μl or 600 μl) of 70% ethanol to the flowthrough obtained from step 3, and mix well by pipetting. Transfer the mixture (including any precipitate that may have formed) to an RNase-Free Spin Column CR3 placed in a 2 ml collection tube, centrifuge for 2 min at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g). Discard the flow-through.

Note: Use RNase-Free ddH_2O when preparing 70% ethanol. If the filtrate volume is lost, please reduce the amount of ethanol by 70%. When the solution and the precipitate are transferred to the spin column CR3, if the volume is larger than the adsorption column capacity, it can be completed in two steps.

- Add 700 μl Buffer RW1 to Spin Column CR3. Close the lid gently, and centrifuge for 30-60 sec at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g) to wash the spin column membrane. Discard the flow-through. Put Spin Column CR3 back to the collection tube.
- 6. Add 500 μ l Buffer RW (Ensure that ethanol is added before use) to the RNase-Free Spin Column CR3. Close the lid gently, incubate for 2 min at room temperature and centrifuge for 30-60 sec at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g). Discard the flow-through. Put Spin Column CR3 back to the collection tube.

- 7. Repeat step 6.
- Centrifuge for 2 min at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g). Discard the flow-through. Dry the Spin Column CR3 at room temperature for a few minute to clean up Buffer RW totally.

Note: The purpose of this step is to remove the residual rinsing liquid in the spin column. After centrifugation, the spin column CR3 is left at room temperature for a while to dry sufficiently. If there is residual rinsing liquid, it may affect downstream experiments such as reverse transcription.

 Place the RNase-Free Spin Column CR3 in a new 1.5 ml collection tube (supplied). Add 100 μl RNase-Free water directly to the spin column membrane. Incubate for 2 min at room temperature and centrifuge for 2 min at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g) to elute the RNA.

Note:Elution buffer volume should be at least 30 μl or that will lead to low yield of RNA purification. RNA eluted should be stored at -70°C.

Genomic DNA purification

- 10.Add 500 μ l Buffer GD (Ensure that ethanol is added before use) to the Spin Column CB3 from step 3. Close the lid gently, and centrifuge for 30-60 sec at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g) to wash the spin column membrane. Discard the flow-through.
- 11.Add 500 μ l Buffer PW (Ensure that ethanol is added before use) to the Spin Column CB3. Close the lid gently, and centrifuge for 30-60 sec at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g) to wash the spin column membrane. Discard the flow-through.
- 12.Repeat step 11.
- 13.Centrifuge for 2 min at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g). Discard the flow-through. Dry the Spin Column CB3 at room temperature for a few minutes to clean up Buffer PW totally.

Note: The purpose of this step is to remove the residual rinsing liquid in the spin column. After centrifugation, the spin column CB3 is left at room temperature for a while to dry sufficiently. If there is residual rinsing liquid, it may affect downstream experiments.

14.Place the Spin Column CB3 in a new 1.5 ml collection tube (supplied). Add 100 μ l Buffer TB directly to the spin column membrane. Incubate for 2 min at room temperature and centrifuge for 2 min at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g) to elute the DNA.



Simultaneous Purification of Genomic DNA and Total RNA from Animal Tissues

1. Sample disruption and homogenization:

Disrupt the tissue and homogenize the lysate in Buffer RLplus (Ensure that β -ME is added to Buffer RLplus before use) according to table 3, using a rotor-stator homogenizer. Vortex to mix for 30 sec.

Table 3. Volumes of Buffer RLplus for Tissue Disruption and

Homogenization

Amount of starting material	Volume of Buffer RLplus
10-20 mg	350 μl
≥20 mg	600 μl

Note: Do not use over 30 mg, otherwise RNA yield and quality will be reduced.

2. Centrifuge the lysate for 3-5 min at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g). Carefully remove the supernatant by pipetting, and transfer it to the Spin Column CB3 placed in a 2 ml collection tube. Close the lid gently, and centrifuge for 30-60 sec at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g) to collect the filtrate. Place the Spin Column CB3 into the collection tube at room temperature or 4°C for later DNA purification.

Total RNA purification

- 3. Add 1 volume (usually 350 μ l or 600 μ l) of 70% ethanol to the flowthrough from step 2, and mix well by pipetting (Precipitates may be visible after addition of ethanol, but this does not affect the procedure). Note: Ensure 70% ethanol is made of RNase-Free water; reduce the volume if there is a loss of the filtrate.
- 4. Transfer up the sample, including any precipitate that may have formed, to a Spin Column CR3 placed in a 2 ml collection tube. Close the lid gently, and centrifuge for 30-60 sec at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g). Discard the flow-through.

Note: If the sample volume exceeds 700 $\mu\text{I},$ centrifuge successive aliquots in the same column.

5. Add 700 μ l Buffer RW1 to the Spin Column CR3. Close the lid gently, and centrifuge for 30-60 sec at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g). Discard the flow-through.



- 6. Add 500 μ l Buffer RW (Ensure that ethanol is added before use) to the Spin Column CR3. Incubate for 2 min, and centrifuge for 30-60 sec at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g). Discard the flow-through.
- 7. Repeat step 6.
- Centrifuge for 2 min at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g). Discard the flow-through. Place Spin Column CR3 at room temperature for 2 min to clean up the Buffer RW totally.

Note: Ensure that no ethanol is carried over during RNA elution. Residual ethanol may interfere with downstream reactions such as reverse transcription.

9. Place the Spin Column CR3 in a new 1.5 ml collection tube. Add 30-100 μl RNase-Free water directly to the spin column membrane. Incubate for 2 min and centrifuge for 2 min at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g) to elute the RNA. Note:Elution buffer volume should be at least 30 μl, otherwise RNA yield and quality will be reduced. RNA eluted should be stored at -70°C.

Genomic DNA purification

- 10. Add 500 μl Buffer GD (Ensure that ethanol is added before use) to the Spin Column CB3 from step 2. Close the lid gently, and centrifuge for 30-60 sec at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g). Discard the flow-through.
- 11. Add 500 μ l Buffer PW (Ensure that ethanol is added before use) to the Spin Column CB3. Close the lid gently, incubate for 2 min and centrifuge for 2 min at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g). Discard the flow-through.
- 12.Repeat step 11.
- 13.Centrifuge for 2 min at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g) and discard the flow-through. Place Spin Column CB3 at room temperature for 2 min to clean up the Buffer PW totally.

Note: Ensure that no ethanol is carried over during DNA elution. Residual ethanol may interfere with downstream reactions.

14.Place the Spin Column CB3 in a new 1.5 ml collection tube (supplied). Add 30-100 μ l Buffer TB directly to the spin column membrane. Incubate for 2 min at room temperature and centrifuge for 2 min at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 x g) to elute the DNA.

DNase I digestion procedure (optional)

Preparation of DNase I stock solution: Dissolve the lyophilized DNase I (1500 units) in 550 μ l of the RNase-Free ddH₂O. Mix gently by inverting. Divide it into single-use aliquots, and store at -30~-15°C for up to 9 months.

Note: Thawed aliquots could be stored at 2-8°C for up to 6 weeks. Do not refreeze the aliquots after thawing.



- 1. Follow the procedure of RNA purification step 1-4.
- 2. Add 350 μ l Buffer RW1 to the RNase-Free Spin Column CR3. Close the lid gently, and centrifuge for 30-60 sec at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 × g). Discard the flow-through.
- Preparation of DNase I working solution: Add 10 μl DNase I stock solution (see Preparation of DNase I stock solution) to 70 μl Buffer RDD. Mix by gently inverting the tube.
- 4. Add 80 μI DNase I working solution directly to the RNase-Free Spin Column CR3, and place on the bench top for 15 min.
- 5. Add 350 μ l Buffer RW1 to the RNase-Free Spin Column CR3. Close the lid gently, and centrifuge for 30-60 sec at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 × g). Discard the flow-through.
- 6. Follow the procedure of RNA purification step 6-9.